2-Needle, Unison Feed, Lockstitch Industrial Sewing Machine with Reverse Feed LUH-521

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

AUTIONS SEPORE OPERATION

DP # 17, #23 (#16 to #24)

- . Don't run the machine before filling the oil reservoir with the prescribed lubricating oil.
- After setting up your machine, make sure that it runs in the correct direction; lower the medie by turning the handwheel and watch the handwheel's revolution by momentarily switching the power "on" (carrect rotational direction of the handwheel) counterclockwise when viewed from the handwheel's end.

CAUTIONS IN OPERATION

- . Don't put your hand under the needle when you turn "on", the power switch or operate the machine.
 - Don't put your hand into the thread take-up over while the machine is huming.
- Don't target to cut off the power supply before you tilt the machine bend backwards or replace the V-belt.
- Never bring your fingers or hair close to, or place enything on the handwheel, V-belt, bobbin winder wheel or motor during operation. It may lead to serieus personal injuries.
- . If your machine is provided with a belt cover, finger guard and eye guard, never operate your machine with any of them removed.

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This Instruction Book consists of the essential informations which should be acquired by the operators of JUKI LUH-521. We hope that the Sewing Machine is correctly used by the operator who frequently refers to this Instruction Book before or after the operation or whenever necessary.

SPECIFICATION

Sewing speed	: 1,800 s.p.m.
Applications	: Ultra heavy weight materials, Sewing double stitch lines on the heavy weight materials.
Maximum stitch length	: 7 mm (9/32") with normal feed.
	6 mm (15/64") with reverse feed.
Sewing hook	: Rotary vertical-axis sewing hook (large size).
Needles	: DP x 17, #23 (#16 to #24)
Presser foot lift	: 9 mm (23/64") by hand lifter
	: 9.5 mm (3/8") by knee lifter
Presser and walking feet	: Joint lift adjustable 2 mm to 5 mm (5/64" to 13/64")
Needle gauge	: 3/16", 1/4", 3/8", 1/2" or 5/8". (3/4", 7/8" or 1" on special request).
Reverse feed	: Reverse feed control lever.
Lubricating oil	: JUKI Sewing Machine Oil (NEW DEFRIX OIL No. 1)
Motor	: 400W, 2-P clutch motor

CAUTIONS BEFORE OPERATION

- 1. Don't run the machine before filling the oil reservoir with the prescribed lubricating oil.
- 2. After setting up your machine, make sure that it runs in the correct direction; lower the needle by turning the handwheel and watch the handwheel's revolution by momentarily switching the power "on" (correct rotational direction of the handwheel: counterclockwise when viewed from the handwheel's end).

CAUTIONS IN OPERATION

- 1. Don't put your hand under the needle when you turn "on" the power switch or operate the machine.
- 2. Don't put your hand into the thread take-up cover while the machine is running.
- Don't forget to cut off the power supply before you tilt the machine head backwards or replace the V-belt.
- 4. Never bring your fingers or hair close to, or place anything on the handwheel, V-belt, bobbin winder wheel or motor during operation. It may lead to sericus personal injuries.
- 5. If your machine is provided with a belt cover, finger guard and eye guard, never operate your machine with any of them removed.

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I. INSTALLATION AND PRE PARATION 1. INSTALLATION



- * Attaching the oil reservoir
- Nail the head support rubbers on the 4 corners of the installation opening of the table so that each rubber is correctly positioned in the corner with the uniform height specified in the illustration.

2) Attach the oil reservoir to the table as shown in the illustration. Nail the oil reservoir in the position where its side edges are aligned with the face (A) of the table and its bottom surface is 90mm (3.35/64") below the top surface of the table.



 Nail 2 rubber hinges on the table and put the oil drip felt on the bottom of the oil reservoir as illustrated.

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or place anything on the handwheel. When, hobbas insyliced to service personal mission .

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2. REVOLUTION OF THE MOTOR



* Motor pulley and belt

1) Use a 400W, 2-P, 1/2HP clutch motor of single or 3-phase.

2) Use a M-type (43") V-belt.

The relation between the sewing speed and the dimension of the motor pulley (effective diameter) is shown by the table given below;

(Note) "Effective diameter of the motor pulley" is the diameter which is measured from the center of the V-belt wound round the pulley.

	L. L.		Motor pu	lley
Frequency	Sewing speed	Motor pulley Part No.	Effective diameter	Outer diameter
50Hz.	1,800 s.p.m.	MTK-PV06500	65mm (2.9/16")	70mm (2.49/64")
60Hz.	1,800 s.p.m.	MTK-PV 05500	55mm (2.3/16")	60mm (2.23/64")

3. DETACHING THE KNEE PRESS PLATE ASSEMBLY



When tilting the machine head backwards for cleaning the sewing hook or similar purposes, remove the knee press plate assembly from the knee lifter assembly beforehand by pulling it towards you.

sece of paper by keeping it apart from the sewing idels by about 10mm (25/64") and let the machine an for 5 seconds.

The left identifiation represents one of the typical oil stain distribution chart obtained at the level of hook, blade by rotating a properly adjusted rewing hook.

After setting the oil adjusting screw, secure it by tighteeing the lock suf-

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II. OPERATION

1. CAUTIONS ON OPERATION.

- Make sure that the drive pulley rotates in the operator's direction.
- · Do not drive the machine before the lubricating oil is poured into the oil reservoir and applied to the necessary parts of the machine. (Refer to 2. Lubrication).
- Every morning before using the machine;
- 1) Remove dust or oil from the needling position and sewing hook.
- 2) Take out the bobbin case and clean up the bobbin.
- 3) Check the sewing conditions through the trial operation.
- After using the machine;
 - 1) Tilt the machine head backwards and clean up the sewing hook.
- 2) Check that oil drip felt in oil reservoir is sufficiently soaked with lubricating oil. If not, add some JUKI Sewing Machine oil (NEW DEFRIX OIL No. 1).
- When the machine is driven on trial without the bobbin case, pull out the needle threads from the needle eyes in order to prevent them being entangled with the sewing hook.
- In case of the following accidents, immediately cut off the power supply and call your maintenance engineer;
 - 1) The machine does not start even if the start pedal is depressed.
 - 2) Needle breakage, thread breakage or stitch skipping frequently occurs.
 - 3) Sewing conditions are found unusual.

2. LUBRICATION

- Use the supplied lubricating oil, NEW DEFRIX OIL No. 1 in any circumstances.
- Make sure that the oil drip felt in the oil reservoir is always soaked with the lubricating oil to such an extent that the oil oozes out when the felt is lightly pressed by your finger.
- · Lubricate the parts shown by arrows once or twice a day. For lubricating the oil wick and moving parts located in the face plate, loosen the screw 1) and turn aside the face plate.
- Lubricate the machine 3 to 5 times a day when operating a new machine or consecutively sewing the long-sized materials.



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3. INSTALLATION OF THE SUITABLE NEEDLES

 Use the needle type of DPX17 with a suitable size depending on the thickness of thread and the kind of fabric by referring to the following table;



* Adjusting the amount of oil flowing through the sewing hook.



• The sewing hook is automatically lubricated. Adjust the oil flow by means of the oil adjusting screws located on the lower parts of the left and right hook driving shaft saddles.

Loosen the lock nut and turn the adjusting screw clockwise for increasing the amount of oil or counterclockwise for reducing.

For determining the proper flow of oil, hold a piece of paper by keeping it apart from the sewing hook by about 10mm (25/64) and let the machine run for 5 seconds.

The left illustration represents one of the typical oil stain distribution chart obtained at the level of hook blade by rotating a properly adjusted sewing hook.

After setting the oil adjusting screw, secure it by tightening the lock nut.

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3. INSTALLATION OF THE SUITABLE NEEDLES

• Use the needle type of DPX17 with a suitable size depending on the thickness of thread and the kind 0 of fabric by referring to the following table;

Needle threads	Fabrics	Needle numbers
Cotton Synthetic fiber # 8 to # 15	Coats and Denim.	# 23 to # 24
Cotton Synthetic fiber # 30 to # 20	Coats, Dennin, Men 5 suits	# 18 to # 20
Cotton Synthetic fiber # 40 to # 30.	Men's suits,Ladies' dresses and children's wears.	# 16 to # 18



* Attaching the needles

Raise the needle bar all the way up.
 Fully insert the needles into the clamp holes by facing their long grooves each other and secure them by tightening the screws ①.

4. KIND OF THREADS AND THREADING THE MACHINE

ist the oil flow by means of the oil adjusting



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* Threads

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• Use new and uniformly twisted threads in order to prevent the skipped or irregular stitches.

It is advisable to use the right-twist thread (S-twist) for the left needle and the left-twist thread (Z-twist) for the right needle or, alternatively, use the lefttwist thread (Z-twist) for both needles. Either thread can be used for the bobbin thread.

*Passing the needle threads.

Pass the needle thread according to the illustration. (1) to (3) for the left needle. (A) to (0) for the right needle.



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I. INSTALLATION OF THE SUITABLE NEEDLES

Use the needle type of DPX17 with a solidof fabric by effecting to the following table.



* Winding the bobbin

- 1) Press the bobbin onto the bobbin winder.
- Take the thread from the spool, pass it through the thread guides as illustrated and wind it 4 to 5 turns round the bobbin.
- 3) Press the bobbin thread guide ④.
- 4) When the bobbin is filled, the winding will automatically stop.

* Adjusting the winding length

It is recommendable to wind the bobbin for about 80% of its full depth in the case of cotton thread or about 60 to 70% in the case of synthetic thread. Adjust it by tightening the screw (6) for increasing the winding length or by loosening it for decreasing.



* Threading the bobbin case.

 Hold a bobbin so that the end of the thread is directed to the right and put it into the bobbin case.

- Pass the thread through the guide slit of the bobbin case.
- 3) Pull the thread so that it passes under the tension spring.

6. STITCH LENG IN AD US STATE





* Positioning the bobbin case

Put the bobbin case trailing the thread into the sewing hook and turn the lever down.

(Note) Before starting to sew, take up the bobbin threads by manually turning the handwheel once and place them behind the presser foot together with the needle threads. This procedure will prevent the bobbin threads from being entangled with the sewing hook.

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5. THREAD TENSION



* Bobbin thread tension

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Tension of the bobbin thread is adjusted by turning the thread tension screw located on the bobbin case; clockwise turn is for increasing and counterclockwise turn is for decreasing the bobbin thread tension.

The standard bobbin thread tension is 90 to 100g.



* Needle thread tension

- The needle thread tension is adjusted after the left and right bobbin thread tension has been properly adjusted.
- 2) Adjust the thread tension nut ① for the right needle thread and the nut ② for the left needle thread pursuant to the tension of their respective bobbin threads.

Turn the tension nut clockwise for increasing or counterclockwise for decreasing the tension.

* Thread take-up spring

Tension of the thread take-up spring is increased by turning the stud ① with a screw driver in the counterclockwise direction and is decreased by clockwise turn. Tighten the nut ② after this adjustment.

In general, the tension of the thread take-up spring is about 80g at the starting point and the stroke is about 13mm (33/64"). Stroke of the thread take-up spring is increased by shifting the adjusting plate (4) towards the right after loosening the set screw (3) and vice versa.



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* Bobbin Tension i the threa doctivitie turn is fo The suffid



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6. STITCH LENGTH ADJUSTMENT AND REVERSE STITCH



* Adjusting the stitch length

- 1) Manually turn the handwheel by continuously depressing the button (A) on the machine bed, and the button will go farther down at a certain position of the handwheel.
- 2) Continue to turn the handwheel until the desired stitch length is indicated by the stitch graduator.
- 3) When the desired stitch length is obtained, release the button (A).
- The stitch graduator indicates the number of stitch per inch (25.4mm).
- (Note) Do not reversely turn the handwheel with the threaded needles, or the needle threads will be entangled with the sewing hook. Remove the threads from the needles before reversely turning the handwheel.



* Reverse stitch

Reverse stitches are produced as long as the reverse control lever ① is depressed.

7. SAFETY CLUTCH MECHANISM

When the machine is accidentally overloaded by the clogged sewing hook or similar mechanical trouble, the safety clutch mechanism is immediately actuated to protect the machine. Once the safety clutch mechanism has been driven, the feed dog and the sewing hook will not move even if the handwheel is turned. Clean up the sewing hook or remove the cause of trouble from the machine and reset the machine in the following way;



- 1) Firmly turn the handwheel in the reverse direction by depressing the button ①.
 - 2) You will hear a click for resetting.
 - Check that the machine has been resetted. Manually turn the handwheel in the normal direc
 - tion, and the feed dog and the sewing hook will move if the machine is resetted.

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III. ADJUSTMENT YOOH DUIWER BHT GUA BLOBBU BHT UBBWTBB UCITALER E

1. HEIGHT OF THE NEEDLE BAR



- * Adjusting the height of the needle bar.
- 1) Set the stitch length to "0".
- 2) Remove the face plate.

2. POSITION OF THE NEEDLE BAR FRAME RELATED TO THE PRESSER BAR

3) Loosen the set screw (1) of the needle bar connection.

4) Set the height of the needle clamp so that its bottom end is located at 17.7mm(45/64") above the top surface of the throat plate when the needle bar is in the lowest position.

5) Tighten the set screw ① of the needle bar connection.





When the stitch length is set to "0", the rear face of the walking bar incorporated in the needle bar frame must be positioned 9.8mm (25/64") away from the front face of the presser bar at the height of 58mm (2.9/32") above the throat plate surface.

- * Adjusting the needle bar frame position.
- Loosen the screw ① which clamps the needle bar frame.
- 2) Insert a 9.8mm (25/64") thick block between the walking foot bar and the presser bar at the height of 58mm (2.9/32") and press the needle bar frame against the presser bar.
- 3) Tighten the screw (1) and remove the block.

- Adjusting the clearance between the needle and the book blade.
 - Refer to upper Figure
- Remove the presset (oot and the threat plate and diff the muching head backwards.
 - 2) Loosen the scaew '3) and (7 of the book driving shaft saddle.
- Adjust the position of the saddle (S by lightly tapping until the cleatance of 0 to 0 train is much between the needle and the higher noist of the book. Teabten the setewa (G and (G after adressment)

3. RELATION BETWEEN THE NEEDLE AND THE SEWING HOOK TRAMTZUICA, IN



* Correct position of the sewing hook related to the needle.

- 1) Lift the presser foot, set the stitch length to "4" and remove the thraot plate.
- Raise the needle by 2.6mm from its lowest position. At this moment, the sewing hook must be positioned with the following clearances:
 - (a) The blade point of both left and right sewing hooks must be aligned iith the center of their needles with the clearance of 0 to 01.mm.
 (b) The clearance between the needle guard ①
 - of the sewing hook and the needle must be 0 to 0.05mm.
 -) The blade point of the sewing hook must be pointed to the needle at 1.8mm above the top end of the needle eye.



* Adjusting the timing of the sewing hook.

Loosen the set screw (1) and move the hook shaft gear (large) (2) until the blade point of the sewing hook is aligned with the center of the needle. Tighten the set screw (1) after adjustment so that the larger gear is firmly engaged with the small gear at the center of their teeth.

* Adjusting the clearance between the needle and the hook blade.

(Refer to upper Figure)

0

0~0.1mm

- 1) Remove the presser foot and the throat plate and tilt the machine head backwards.
- 2) Loosen the screw (3) and (4) of the hook driving shaft saddle.
- 3) Adjust the position of the saddle (5) by lightly tapping until the clearance of 0 to 0.1mm is made between the needle and the blade point of the hook. Tighten the screws (3) and (4) after adjustment.

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